

reading a food label: flare

Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis

	Nutrition	Facts
	about 6 servings per Serving size	container 1 cup (140g)
1	Amount per serving Calories	170
		% Daily Value*
2	Total Fat 8g	10%
	Saturated Fat 3g	15%
	<i>Trans</i> Fat 0g	
	Cholesterol 0mg	0%
	Sodium 5mg	0%
	Total Carbohydrate 22g	8%
3	Dietary Fiber 2g	7%
4	Total Sugars 16g	10%
	Sugars	
5	Protein 2g	
6	Vitamin D 0mcg	0%
	Calcium 20mg	2%
7	Iron 1mg	6%
	Potassium 240mg	6%
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*The % Daily Value tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2000 calories a day is used for general nutrition advice.

1 Calories

You may feel like you don't want to eat during a flare, but if you find you're losing weight, try adding 250-500 more calories daily.

2 Total Fat

Avoid high fat or greasy foods. These types of foods can make symptoms worse.

3 Fiber

Fiber, especially insoluble fiber, can make symptoms worse. During a flare, choose low-fiber foods (<2g/serving).

4 Sugars

Limit your added sugar intake to 24-36g/day. Too much sugar can often increase symptoms.

5 Protein

Protein is very important for healing. During a flare you may need to increase the amount of protein you eat.

6 Calcium & Vitamin D

Calcium is especially important for those with Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis. Certain medications, and a diet low in dairy can make it hard to get enough of these nutrients. Aim for three servings of vitamin D fortified, calcium-rich foods daily.

7 Iron

If you are experiencing blood loss, try to increase the amount of iron in your diet.