

#### **Asthma**

A food allergy is a serious and potentially life-threatening medical condition, especially for patients with asthma. Research indicates patients who suffer from asthma are more likely to have food allergies and those with severe asthma have an increased risk of developing a life-threatening reaction. Common food allergens include milk, soy, egg, peanut, shellfish, fish and tree nuts. Below are tips for managing the most common food allergens. If you suffer from a food allergy, working with registered dietitian who specializes in food allergies is recommended.

### **General Food Allergy and Asthma Tips:**

- Confirm the diagnosis of a food allergy with your health care provider.
- Use this sheet along with the help of a registered dietitian to learn how to avoid all products containing the food allergen.
- Read all food labels to determine if food allergen is present.
- Avoid cross-contact –occurs when allergens are accidentally transferred from one food to another.
- Always wash hands and surfaces hand sanitizers are not effective at removing allergens from skin or surfaces. Always wash with warm water and soap to prevent exposure.

- · Have an emergency action plan.
- Always have medication and an EpiPen®, if necessary, available in case of exposure.
- Carry a chef card with you. Chef cards are an easy way
  to inform waitstaff at a restaurant about your allergy so
  you can stay safe.
- Avoid use of alcohol alcohol of any kind can increase asthma symptoms.
- Talk to your doctor about the use of NSAIDs NSAIDs can increase the absorption of certain foods which can lead to a quicker allergic response if exposed to a food allergen.



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### **Milk Allergy**

## Avoid foods that contain milk or any of the following ingredients:

- Butter, butter fat, butter oil, butter acid, butter ester(s)
- Buttermilk
- Casein
- Casein hydrolysate
- · Caseinates in all forms
- Cheese
- · Cottage cheese
- Cream
- Curds

- Custard
- Diacetyl
- Ghee
- Half-and-Half
- Lactalbumin, lactalbumin phosphate
- Lactoferrin
- Lactulose
- Milk in all forms
- Pudding

- Recaldent
- · Rennet casein
- · Sour cream, sour cream solids
- Sour milk solids
- Tagatose
- Whey in all forms
- Whey protein hydrolysate
- Yogurt

#### **Potential sources of milk:**

- · Artificial butter flavor
- · Baked goods
- · Caramel candies
- Chocolate
- Lunch meat, hot dogs, sausages; milk protein, casein, may be used as a binder; deli slicers are often used for both cheese and meat and cross-contamination is not uncommon
- Margarine
- Nisin
- Non-dairy products may contain casein
- Nougat
- Shellfish sometimes dipped in milk to reduce fishy odor
- Tuna fish some brands contain casein
- Some medications contain milk talk with your health care provider



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Egg Allergy						
Avoid foods with the following ingredients:						
Albumin – or albumen     Egg – dried, powdered, solids,     white, yolk	Eggnog     Lysozyme     Mayonnaise		Meringue     Ovalalbumin			
Potential sources of eggs:						
Baked goods. Talk with an allergist as some may be tolerable     Egg substitutes     Ice cream	<ul><li>Lecithin</li><li>Marzipan</li><li>Marshmallows</li><li>Nougat</li></ul>		Pasta     Pretzels     Specialty coffee drinks or cocktails			
Baking with egg alternatives – each for 1 egg replacement:						
<ul> <li>1 tsp yeast dissolved in ¼ cup warm water</li> <li>1 ½ Tbsp water, 1 ½ Tbsp oil, 1 tsp baking powder</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>1 Tbsp chia seed, 3 Tbsp water - mix and let set</li> <li>1 Tbsp ground flax seed, 3 Tbsp water - mix and let set</li> </ul>				



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## **Peanut Allergy**

### Avoid foods that contain peanuts or any of the following ingredients:

- Arachis oil also known as peanut oil
- Artificial nuts
- Beer nuts
- Cold-pressed, expelled or extruded peanut oil
- Goobers

- Ground nuts
- Lupin common flour substitute in gluten-free food
- Mandelonas peanuts soaked in almond, walnut, or pecan flavoring
- Mixed nuts

- · Monkey nuts
- Nut meat
- Nut pieces
- Peanut butter
- Peanut flour
- Peanut protein hydrolysate

#### Other potential sources of peanuts:

- African, Asian, and Mexican restaurant food increased risk of cross contamination (due to use of peanut oil)
- Alternative nut butters- often produced on the same equipment as peanuts or peanut butter
- Candy
- Chili
- Egg rolls
- Enchilada sauce
- Glazes and marinades
- Ice creams
- Marzipan

- Nougat
- Pancakes
- Pet food
- Sauces: chili sauce, hot sauce, pesto, gravy, mole sauce
- Specialty pizza
- Sunflower seeds: often processed on equipment with peanuts
- Sweets
- Vegetarian food products meat substitutes can often contain peanuts



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Soy Allergy					
Avoid foods that contain soy or any of the following ingredients:					
<ul> <li>Cold-pressed, expelled soy oil</li> <li>Edamame – soy bean</li> <li>Miso</li> <li>Natto</li> <li>Shoyu</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Soy products</li><li>Soya</li><li>Soybean - curd, granules</li><li>Soy protein</li><li>Soy Sauce</li></ul>	<ul><li> Tamari</li><li> Tempeh</li><li> Textured vegetable protein (TVP)</li><li> Tofu</li></ul>			
Potential sources of soy:					
<ul> <li>Asian cuisine – potential risk of cross contamination</li> <li>Baked goods</li> <li>Canned broths and soups</li> <li>Canned tuna and meat</li> <li>Cereals</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cookies</li> <li>Crackers</li> <li>High-protein energy bars &amp; snacks</li> <li>Infant formulas</li> <li>Low-fat peanut butter</li> <li>Pet foods</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Processed meats</li><li>Sauces</li><li>Vegetable broth</li><li>Vegetables gum</li><li>Vegetable starch</li></ul>			

Fish Allergy				
Avoid all fish products including the following ingredients:				
Fish gelatin Fish oil	Fish sticks     Surimi			
Unexpected sources of fish – be sure to read nutrition labels carefully:				
<ul><li>Barbeque sauce</li><li>Bouillabaisse</li><li>Caesar salad and Caesar dressing</li></ul>	<ul><li>Caponata</li><li>Imitation or artificial fish or shellfish</li><li>Worcestershire sauce</li></ul>			



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Shellfish Allergy						
Avoid foods that contain shellfish or any of the following ingredients:						
<ul><li>Abalone</li><li>Barnacle</li><li>Clams</li><li>Cockle</li><li>Cuttlefish</li><li>Crab</li></ul>	<ul><li>Crawfish</li><li>Krill</li><li>Limpet</li><li>Lobster</li><li>Mussels</li></ul>		<ul><li>Prawns</li><li>Octopus</li><li>Oysters</li><li>Periwinkle</li><li>Sea Cucumber</li></ul>		<ul><li>Sea Urchin</li><li>Scallops</li><li>Shrimp</li><li>Snails – escargot</li><li>Squid</li></ul>	
Shellfish can be found in the following:						
Bouillabaisse     Cuttlefish ink		Glucosamine     Fish stock		Seafood flavoring     Surimi		

Tree Nut Allergy					
Avoid foods that contain tree nuts or any of the following ingredients:					
<ul> <li>Almonds</li> <li>Artificial nuts</li> <li>Beechnut</li> <li>Black walnut hull extract</li> <li>Brazil nut</li> <li>Butternut</li> <li>Cashew</li> <li>Chestnut</li> <li>Chinquapin nut</li> </ul>	Coconut  Filbert/hazelnut  Ginkgo nut  Hickory nut  Lychee nut  Macadamia nut  Marzipan/almond paste  Nagai nut  Natural nut extract	<ul> <li>Nut butters</li> <li>Nut meal</li> <li>Nut meat</li> <li>Nut milks</li> <li>Nut oils</li> <li>Nut paste</li> <li>Nut pieces</li> <li>Pecan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pesto</li> <li>Pili nut</li> <li>Pine nut</li> <li>Pistachio</li> <li>Praline</li> <li>Shea nut</li> <li>Walnut</li> <li>Walnut flavoring</li> </ul>		
Unexpected sources of tree nuts					
Tree nut proteins can be in foods such as cereals, crackers, cookies, candy bars, energy bars and flavored coffee.		Avoid cross-contact when dining out, especially at Chinese, African and Indian restaurants because of the use of various tree nut oils.			

Information has been modified from foodallergy.org



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Wheat Allergy					
Avoid foods that contain wheat or any of the following ingredients:					
Bread crumbs Bulgur Cereal extract Club wheat Couscous Cracker meal Durum Einkorn Emmer Farina Farro	durum, enric self-rising, s stone groun • Freekah • Hydrolyzed v • Kamut®	<ul> <li>Hydrolyzed wheat protein</li> <li>Kamut®</li> <li>Matzoh meal</li> <li>Pasta</li> <li>Seitan</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Spelt</li> <li>Sprouted wheat</li> <li>Triticale</li> <li>Vital wheat gluten</li> <li>Wheat- bran, durum, germ, gluten, grass, malt, sprouts, starch</li> <li>Wheat bran hydrolysate</li> <li>Wheat germ oil</li> <li>Wheat grass</li> <li>Wheat protein isolate</li> <li>Whole wheat berries</li> </ul>	
	Potential	I sources of wheat:	'		
Glucose syrup     Soy sauce	Starch     Surimi  ed sources of wheat	• Surimi			
<ul> <li>Ale</li> <li>Asian dishes</li> <li>Baked goods</li> <li>Baking mixes</li> <li>Batter-fried foods</li> <li>Beer</li> </ul>	Breaded foods     Breakfast cereals     Candy     Crackers     Frozen meals     Hot dogs	Imitation cra     Ice cream     Marinara sa     Potato chips     Processed n	uces	<ul><li>Rice cakes</li><li>Salad dressings</li><li>Sauces</li><li>Soups</li><li>Turkey patties</li></ul>	